REPORT TO SHAREHOLDERS AND MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
OF THE FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018
Stated in Canadian Funds

DATE: 27 JULY 2018

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MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

TO OUR SHAREHOLDERS

The following information, should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of Aurora Solar Technologies Inc. ("the Company", or "Aurora") for year ended 31 March 2018 (fiscal 2018) and the related notes attached thereto, which were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). All amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

Additional information about the Company, including the audited consolidated financial statements, and the notes thereto, for the year ended 31 March 2018, prepared in accordance with IFRS, can be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Discussion of the Company, its operations and associated risks are further described in the Company's filings, available for viewing at www.sedar.com. A copy of this Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") will be provided to any applicant upon request.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements contained in this MD&A may be deemed to be "forward-looking statements". All statements in this discussion other than statements of historical facts, that address future events or developments that the Company expects, are forward-looking statements. Although the Company believes the expectations expressed in such forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, such statements are not guarantees of future performance and actual results or developments may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements include market prices, regulatory approvals, continued availability of capital and financing, and general economic, market or business conditions. Investors are cautioned that any such statements are not guarantees of future performance and that actual results or developments may differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements reflect current expectations of management regarding future events and operating performance as of the date of the MD&A. Such information: involves significant risks and uncertainties; should not be read as guarantees of future performance or results; and will not necessarily be accurate indications of whether or not such results will be achieved. A number of factors could cause actual results to differ materially from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to, the risks related to; general economic and business conditions and competition for, among other things, capital.

Forward-Looking Information	Key Assumptions	Most Relevant Risk Factors
Future funding for ongoing operations	The Company will be able to raise these funds	The Company has disclosed that this may be difficult and failure to raise these funds will materially impact the Company's ability to continue as a going concern
Favourable economic conditions	The economy in Canada, the United States, Europe, and Asia will move in a direction that will support the worldwide PV solar market	The economic conditions move in a negative direction causing changes to the landscape affecting future pricing and inventory

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GENERAL

Aurora Solar Technologies Inc. ("Aurora" or the "Company"), a company incorporated on 14 May 2009 under the Canada Business Corporations Act and extra-provincially in British Columbia on 24 May 2011, develops, manufactures and markets Production Measurement and Control systems for the solar wafer, cell and panel manufacturing industry. Headquartered in North Vancouver, Canada, and founded by experienced leaders in process measurement, semiconductor manufacturing and industrial automation. Aurora's inline, real-time measurement and control products provide photovoltaic cell manufacturers with the means to lower production costs and increase profitability. Aurora has developed an in-line metrology device and associated controller for direct use in PV manufacturing lines to measure and improve the efficiency and quality of the cells. Aurora is directly marketing its products to manufacturers.

The address of the Company's corporate and administrative office and principal place of business is #223 – 980 West 1st Street, North Vancouver, BC, V7P 3N4.

Manufacturers of solar cells experience significant variations in product quality that result in the downgrading of 20-30% of their production which significantly reduces their profitability. Aurora's mission is to produce measurement and control solutions which allow solar cell producers to improve manufacturing yield, lower costs, decrease waste and attain higher margins. By measuring the cell after the diffusion furnace and reducing variability by controlling the furnace, significant improvements in final cell efficiency are possible.

With its DecimaTM and VeritasTM product lines, Aurora provides solar cell manufacturers with the most accurate and repeatable products to characterize and control the emitter formation process. This is the most important process step in determining solar cell efficiency. Aurora's objective is to markedly reduce the costly and excessively wide spread of final product quality classes that are common in the solar cell manufacturing industry.

Aurora's customers are Crystalline Silicon (c-Si) photovoltaic cell manufacturers focused on building the most efficient solar cells possible. These customers are building more sophisticated cell structures with doping layers on both sides of the solar cell. These cell structures include monocrystalline PERC cells which have a passivation layer on the back side of the cell, bifacial cells which have an active emitter on one side and a transparent back surface field on the back side of the cell and heterojunction cells which have multiple layers on both sides. These cell structures are difficult to measure using traditional sampling techniques and are ideally suited to be measured on both sides simultaneously using Aurora's proprietary, patented infrared measurement technique. Producers manufacturing these higher power cells get a premium in the market over the commodity-grade multicrystalline solar cells and use Aurora's products to maximize the yield and minimize variation at the end of the line.

HIGHLIGHTS, SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AND TRANSACTIONS

OVERVIEW

Aurora continued to see considerable success in the 2018 fiscal year, delivering volume shipments of 10 systems to the largest solar cell producer in the world and shipping the first volume order in China for seven bifacial systems. We also received an order for two bifacial systems from a major equipment supplier and an order for one system on the first bifacial line being built by the largest solar panel manufacturer in the world based in China. These systems were built, tested and shipped in the second quarter of the 2018 fiscal year with the exception of the two bifacial systems for a major equipment supplier which were recognized in the third quarter of the 2018 fiscal year. In addition, the Company received an order from REC Group based in Norway for two Decima™ 3T and Veritas™ products, with a letter of intent for up to 6 additional units for deployment in Singapore. The first two systems for the REC group were shipped and recognized in the last quarter of the 2018 fiscal year.

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BIFACIAL CELL TRACTION

Aurora's bifacial cell measurement, visualization and control products, marketed as Decima Gemini continue to receive outstanding market acceptance. ISC Konstanz, a leading global licensor of bifacial technology, has certified the Decima Gemini system as the only viable means of inline measurement and yield optimization on the BiSoN formula used to produce bifacial cells. Bifacial cells generate 10 to 30 percent more power than traditional one-sided cells by using both direct and reflected light incident on both their upper and lower surfaces. Aurora spoke at the 4th annual bifi PV workshop in Konstanz, Germany on 25-26 October 2017 where several prospective customers learned about bifacial cell production and are considering projects to produce cells in volume. In addition, Aurora has installed 27 systems on bifacial production lines for producers in Korea, China and SE Asia where Aurora's unique measurement capabilities are proving to be uncontested for this growing application.

MONOCRYSTALLINE PERC CELL TRACTION

Aurora has now delivered 22 systems for monocrystalline PERC cell applications which produce higher efficiency cells that are sold at a premium in the solar panel market. These cells have a dielectric passivation layer added to the back of the cell which reduces electron recombination, increases the light absorbed and increases the internal reflectivity of the cells meaning more power output without a significant increase in cost. The resulting panels have a higher energy density per square meter which means less panels to accomplish total output power when the footprint is limited or more energy per solar farm where space is not limited. Aurora's Decima 3T accurately profiles the wafers before they become finished cells to optimize the diffusion process and maximize the yield of the highest power cells. This profitable and growing niche in the solar cell manufacturing sector recognizes the benefits of inline measurement and control and continues to be a significant contributor to Aurora's growing sales pipeline.

HETEROJUNCTION CELL MEASUREMENT INNOVATION

Heterojunction solar cells are ultra high-efficiency cell design pioneered by Japan's Panasonic Corp., who is now also partnered with Tesla Inc. for solar products. These cells deposit, using plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition, thin layers of amorphous silicon on both sides of a crystalline silicon wafer as well as transparent, conductive oxide layers (TCO) to absorb the generated power. The TCOs are the conduits allowing electrical current to flow from the active portion of the cell to the metal contacts. Optimizing and controlling the uniformity of the TCO layers during cell manufacturing is crucial to maximizing the power and yield of the HJT Cells. Aurora has innovated the infrared measurement technique of its Decima Gemini to measure critical parameters of TCO layers that can vary during production. This capability, combined with Aurora's Veritas software, can assist in design verification, production line ramp-up and characterizing the sources of variation in the TCO layer that impact the final performance of the cell. According to Solar Media Ltd., heterojunction production capacity is epected to increase by 20 percent this year and this innovation positions Aurora as the only solution provider for in-line layer measurement and optimization.

MARKET FOCUS

Aurora has had considerable success in Korea with over 25 systems delivered to date on both bifacial and monocrystalline PERC applications. Aurora is now building out from Korea into the rest of the Asian market, with growing traction in China and initial traction occurring in India. During the third quarter of fiscal 2018, the Company installed two high-profile bifacial projects in China (8 systems in total) and is in the process of documenting the benefits as a showcase for other Chinese producers. The Company is tracking a growing pipeline of opportunities in China and, in May 2018, opened a representative office in Shanghai and added resources based out of this office to support the commercialization of these projects. The Company had an exhibit booth at the largest solar show in the world At SNEC in Shanghai in May and had the best show in history in terms of lead generation and customer interest. Finally, the Company attended Intersolar India in December and Renewable Energy India in September and has

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signed agreements with a local service and support company to facilitate future orders from the growing market in India.

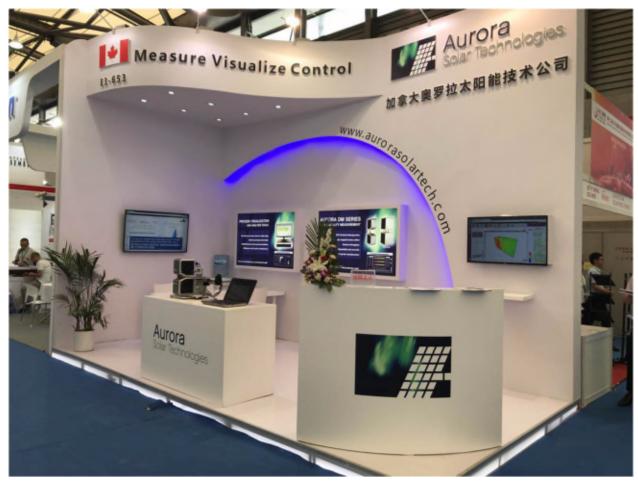


Figure 1 Aurora Solar Technologies Booth at SNEC, Shanghai

QUALITY CONTROL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT

A key element of Aurora's business strategy is to provide its customers with end-to-end quality control using its unique in-line measurement products. Aurora has initiated development and testing of an enhanced Quality Control System called Aurora InsightTM with a key customer in Asia. This system uses measurements from the final cell tester where the cells are connected electrically and illuminated as well as Aurora's Decima products early in the process to provide production personnel with real-time analysis of variability and where the variation is coming from in the process to optimize the yield of the highest power cells. Aurora is in discussions with three significant customers interested in evaluating InsightTM, which is being offered on a monthly subscription basis. The Company has quoted over \$750K of annual subscriptions for InsightTM and expects to announce the first sale by the end of the 2018 summer.

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STRENGTHENING TEAM AND ORDER MOMENTUM

On 19 December 2017, the Company announced the addition of Dr. Johnson Wong as Senior Physicist. Dr. Wong brings years of globally recognized capability to Aurora in the field of solar cell characterization, with the results of his work used extensively in scientific research and industrial applications throughout the photovoltaic industry. Dr. Wong has a key role in the technology strategy and roadmap for Aurora's VeritasTM Quality Control System and DecimaTM measurement products. Dr. Wong is also responsible for defining and delivering projects with our partners at top-tier research and PV product organizations worldwide and is spearheading Aurora's work with heterojunction and other advanced cell structures.

On 1 November 2017, the Company announced that it received an initial order from REC Group for two DecimaTM 3T with VeritasTM software and a letter of intent for an additional six systems. The first two systems shipped in January 2018 with the balance of systems to follow in accordance with additional purchase orders.

On 1 August 2017, the Company announced that it received an order for two DecimaTM Gemini measurement systems, and VeritasTM process visualization systems, for deployment on new bifacial cell fabrication lines. With this purchase, there is an agreement to jointly define, document and publish the economic benefits of Aurora's bifacial cell measurement and visualization technology. The systems, which have been delivered, were ordered by a leading global supplier of production equipment used at several stages in solar cell and semiconductor fabrication and will be used to speed the ramp-up of the new production lines and assist in solar cell R&D and production equipment development.

The Company also announced on 28 June 2017, that it has reached an agreement with the world's largest solar panel manufacturer to examine capabilities and applications for the use of Aurora's Decima[™] Gemini measurement system and Veritas[™] process visualization system for their bifacial cell technology. During the project, Aurora's Decima and Veritas products will be installed at this manufacturer's bifacial production facility and various aspects of production line ramp-up, monitoring and control will be investigated by Aurora and the manufacturer's R&D and production personnel. Aurora's infrared-based measurement technology and process visualization software will provide the manufacturer with real-time data needed to identify and solve problems with process variability. The products were delivered in December 2017 and the evaluation period commenced in January 2018. Aurora anticipates acceptance of the systems and a similar adoption curve as experienced in Korea as this super league producer moves more of their production over to bifacial cells.

The Company also announced that it received a volume order from a confidential customer in the People's Republic of China for multiple DecimaTM Gemini systems and VeritasTM wafer and process mapping software. The Decima and Veritas products have been shipped and are being integrated into new high-efficiency bifacial cell production lines that are competing at the top end of the market. Aurora's products are being used to facilitate their line ramp-up and ongoing production with the highest possible yield. Aurora was awarded this order because of the capability of our products to deliver real-time and accurate high-resolution measurements spanning the full front and rear surfaces of the cells.

On 17 April 2017, the Company announced that it received a volume order from an industry leader in Asia who had previously validated the Aurora technology platform and purchased the first commercial order of four DecimaTM 3T units with VeritasTM software in 2016. The new volume order for 10 DecimaTM 3Ts with multiple VeritasTM Servers spans several lines and was shipped completely in the Company's second quarter.

On 23 April 2018, the Company announced that it had received a USD \$600,000 Performance Security Guarantee Facility from Export Development Canada (EDC) to provide performance guarantees to customers related to delivery and warranty provisions on a case-by-case basis. With this facility in place and a growing order book expected, Aurora can apply to EDC to guarantee the performance provisions of sales orders instead of tying up the Company's working capital.

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These growing orders from leading global producers together with an order from LG Electronics shipped in early 2017 clearly demonstrates that Aurora's products are becoming a key quality measurement standard for manufacturers focused on producing the highest quality and efficiency cells possible.

REVENUE RECOGNITION AND FORECAST

The Company recognizes revenue upon shipment when the title to the goods transfers to the customer.

The Company has recognized a record revenue of \$2,507,740 for the year ended 31 March 2018, an increase of 77% compared to the prior year. The gross margin improved significantly to 60% from 45%, an improvement of 37% compared to the prior year. The loss from operations was (\$737,822) for the year, an improvement of 48% compared to the prior year.

The Company was encouraged with the traction achieved with industry leader Hanwha Q Cells that started with their evaluation of one of the Company's systems. The Company has pursued getting evaluations with the 7 "super league" members that produce a significant portion of the world's cells. The Company announced an evaluation with Jinko Solar on their first bifacial line and most recently, announced that a third super league member Longi Solar, the largest monocrystalline wafer producer in the world, had signed an evaluation agreement.

In January, the board approved management's plans to open a representative office in Shanghai to better support the pursuit of business in China. The Company had previously worked with agents and distributors with little success as they were busy selling other products and solutions to a variety of markets and failed to develop much of a pipeline for Aurora. The office opened at the beginning of May and at the time, the Company had a \$3M USD pipeline. An application engineer was hired based out of the new office and Wei Deng, Director of Asia sales moved to Shanghai to head up the office. The Company also signed an agreement with a well-connected agent to help us with business development. A low-cost Decima measurement solution was introduced at \$40K USD per line to compete with four-point probe equipment at \$30K per line and entered our bids into the fray. With the office open and at the SNEC show May 28-30, the Company experienced "customer pull" for the first time in history as they actively engaged Aurora in their expansion plans. After the show and subsequent sales visits, the sales pipeline had over \$8M USD worth of opportunities and added several new customers representing significant volume of Aurora's products.

The Chinese producers are for the first time embracing the idea of 100% inline measurement and control to eliminate labour through the process and produce a more consistent product at the end of the line. Several customers are building fully automated lines where ingots go in one end and finished modules come out the other end. They were particularly excited about the Company's Insight™ software which is being offering on a subscription basis to pinpoint the source of variation in the process.

After the show, there was some troubling news from the Chinese Government - The National Development and Reform Commission, the Ministry of Finance and the National Energy Administration issued the "2018 Solar PV Power Generation Notice" imposing caps and reducing the feed-in tariffs (FiT) mechanism, while setting rules at the central government level for utility-scale projects.

According to market research firm IHS Markit, solar PV installations in 2018 are expected to reach 105GW, an 11% increase over the prior year when installations topped over 96GW, despite an expected decline in China, due to the sudden capping of growth by new government policies. IHS Markit noted that its outlook for global PV installations in 2018 has fallen from 113GW to 105 GW, directly due to the expected drop in installations as caps were imposed on utility-scale and distributed generation (DG) projects, the two biggest market sectors in the country. China consumption is expected to drop from 53GW in 2017 to 30-39GW in 2018. SolarPower Europe predicted 100GW would be installed in 2018 – flat year-over-year with China adding 39GW. So despite a drop in consumption in China, the global market for solar will be either flat year-over-year or expand slightly in 2018 and prices for commodity

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grade panels will continue to decline. Manufacturers of higher efficiency panels are expected to get a 20-30% price premium over the commodity grade panels.

While Aurora's prospective customers expressed concern about the impact of the policy change on the average selling price and overall demand in China, they remain focused on winning the available business by moving up the efficiency curve and reducing labour through automation which is exactly where Aurora's solutions have been successful for the producers of high efficiency cells in Korea and elsewhere. The Company is moving forward with 5 evaluation systems for the major projects believed to be moving forward which will qualify Aurora's systems, demonstrate the accuracy and repeatability of the measurements and the power of the Company's software. Aurora's pipeline has grown to over 150 units and the major projects have 20-40 systems required.

Finally, Aurora is encouraged by the progress Dr. Johnson Wong has made on measuring the various layers deposited on both sides of a heterojunction solar cell and have announced a collaboration agreement with SERIS (where they bought a Decima measurement system and are passing every cell structure they make/test though Aurora's system) and have significant traction now with several major players in the industry that are pursuing this technology. The sell price for these systems will be significantly higher than the company has received in the past, given the unique capabilities of the Aurora system and the high efficiency possible from this technology.

So while trade tariffs delayed some of the original projects Aurora was pursuing and the Chinese Government announcement slowed some order conversions, the Company has more than tripled its pipeline and expects to win a significant portion of the available business, predominantly in China, in the second half of our current fiscal year.

FINANCING AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company has an arrangement with Paradox Public Relations Inc. to facilitate communications between the Company, its shareholders, and prospective investors and develop an investor relations program designed to raise awareness of the Company's business among prospective investors and the investment community. The Company no longer has an in-house investor relations person and the CEO and Directors are handling these matters with assistance from Paradox. The Company presented at the Global Chinese Financial Form organized by NAI Interactive Ltd. on 30 December 2017, to raise the profile of the Company with Chinese investors. The Company also initiated a marketing program with InvestorIntel and with Media One Marketing in January 2018 to ensure investors receive regular news on the Solar Industry and Aurora's activities. Finally, the Company attended the Planet MicroCap Showcase in Las Vegas in April, 2018 to reach a number of new microcap investors.

PATENTS

On 21 July 2017, the Company received notification that the Taiwan Intellectual Property Office had published the patent certificate in the Patent Gazette and issued Patent No. I592645 the patent "Non-Contacting System and Method for Measuring the Dopant Content of Semiconductor Material and Method of Determining the Impact of a Semiconductor Material Fabrication Line upon Semiconductor Wafer." Although the Company is currently focused on the photovoltaic industry, other applications covered under this patent include any process where impurities are added to semiconductor material for the purpose of modifying its electrical properties, such as light emitting diodes ("LEDs"), integrated circuits and flat panel displays.

In addition, the Company progressed its European patent application and made a number of national filings of its patent "System for measuring levels of radiation reflecting from Semiconductor material for use in measuring the dopant content thereof."

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The comprehensive loss attributable to the shareholders for the year ended 31 March 2018 was \$737,822, compared to \$1,424,375 during the year ended 31 March 2017. The reasons for the fluctuations are as follows:

Product sales	12 months	12 months	3 months	3 months
(rounded to the nearest '000)	2018	2017	2018	2017
	\$ 2,508,000	\$ 1,415,000	\$ 605,000 \$	852,000
Variance increase (decrease)	1,093,000		(247,000)	

Management's focused efforts on deepening existing sales channels has led to increased sales. Sales continued to expand in Europe and Asia, with a focus on the Chinese market. Revenues during the year ended 31 March 2018 have changed in their nature, reflecting site acceptance from customers. Installed units were brought online in production environments, confirming the Company's ability to execute on larger contracts.

Cost of sales		12 months		12 months		3 months		3 months
(rounded to the nearest '000)	2018			2017	7 2018			2017
	\$	1,013,000	\$	799,000	\$	152,000	\$	377,000
Variance increase (decrease)		214,000				(225,000)		

Management has continued to monitor gross margin percentage as a key performance indicator. During the year ended 31 March 2018, the Company realized a gross margin percentage of 60% (45% - 2017), which is well above the budgeted target.

Salaries and wages		12 months		12 months		3 months		3 months
(rounded to the nearest '000)		2018	2017			2018		2017
	\$	558,000	\$	306,000	\$	163,000	\$	106,000
Variance increase		252,000				57,000		

The Company hired more staff for production, installations and support as operations increased. In addition, the Company has adjusted salaries for talent retention. Management has remained prudent with respect to overall spending. Salaries and wages as a percentage of sales for the year ended 2018 and 2017 is 22%.

Research and development	12 months	12 months	3 months	3 months
(rounded to the nearest '000)	2018	2017	2018	2017
	\$ 534,000	\$ 369,000	\$ 133,000	\$ 97,000
Variance increase	165,000		36,000	

Research and development is a key component of the Company's ongoing success. Since the 2017 fiscal year, the Company has been heavily focused on bifacial designs, key upgrades to current software systems and promising new measurement modalities. The increase in research and development during current year was due to expanding the research team to include additional full-time staff.

Conference and conventions	1	L2 months	12 months	3 months	3 months
(rounded to the nearest '000)		2018	2017	2018	2017
	\$	122,000 \$	43,000	\$ 50,000 \$	10,800
Variance increase		79,000		39,200	

The Company attended conferences and conventions around the world to increase market share. Management believes that these activities are complementary to the Company's core strategy, and will continue to fund these activities as personnel and financial resources permit.

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FINANCIAL DATA FOR LAST EIGHT QUARTERS

The following table sets out selected unaudited quarterly financial information of the Company and is derived from the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements prepared by management. The Company's interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and are expressed in Canadian dollars.

Three Months Ended	l Mar-18	Dec-17	Sep-17	Jun-17	Mar-17	Dec-16	Sep-16	Jun-16	Mar-16
Total Revenues	604,720	337,325 1	L,418,176	147,519	852,228	319,688	18,849	223,810	160,765
Gain (Loss) from									
continuing	(62,839)	(398,959)	178,167	(454,191)	(292,335)	(439,011)	(382,502)	(310,527)	(272,172)
operations									
Gain (Loss) for the	(62,839)	(398,959)	178,167	(454,191)	(292,335)	(439,011)	(382,502)	(310,527)	(272,172)
period									
Gain (Loss) per share									
(Basic and diluted)	(0.00)	(0.01)	0.00	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Total assets	2,232,946	2,239,268 2	2,618,716	2,780,603	2,291,202	950,811	800,141	908,276	756,075
Working capital	1,686,207	1,797,862 2	2,146,810	1,960,042	1,893,539	426,668	492,015	547,494	482,973

The previous eight quarters have shown a steady increase in revenue per quarter with the highest quarter ended on 30 September 2017, when the Company had the first operating income.

Prudent management has allowed working capital to remain greater than expected outflows in each quarter.

OUTSTANDING SHARES

As at 31 March 2018, and as at the date of this report, the Company had 52,411,541 common shares issued and outstanding (31 March 2017 – 48,627,875). As at 31 March 2018, the fully diluted amount of 72,564,235 represents warrants of 15,047,694 and options of 5,105,000.

FINANCIAL POSITION AND LIQUIDITY

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, restricted investments, amounts receivable, inventory, accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The Company has no speculative financial instruments, derivatives, forward contracts or hedges.

Currency & Credit Risk – All of the Company's Canadian cash is held at a major bank and such balances earn interest at market rates. The Company also maintains cash in US dollars. The cash balances and payables that are denominated in foreign currencies are subject to currency risk due to fluctuations in the exchange rate between the currencies. To manage this risk, the Company maintains only the minimum amount of foreign cash required to fund its on-going operational activity.

Fair Value – As at 31 March 2018 and 31 March 2017, the carrying values of receivables and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values due to their short term to maturity.

It is management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant credit, interest rate, liquidity or market risks in respect of these financial instruments. The Company's policies and processes of managing all risks associated with its financial instruments have not changed during the year.

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LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL CONDITION OF THE COMPANY

The Company's working capital surplus at 31 March 2018, was \$1,686,000 compared with \$1,894,000 at 31 March 2017.

Cash used in operating activities during the year ended 31 March 2018, totalled \$1,533,009 (31 March 2017-\$650,159).

Cash used in investing activities during the year ended 31 March 2018, totalled \$256,662 (31 March 2017-\$36,188).

Cash raised in financing activities during the year ended 31 March 2018, was \$618,259 (31 March 2017-\$2,335,008).

Actual future funding requirements may vary from those planned due to a number of factors, including changes in the pace of research and development with respect to current and future products.

Management believes it will be able to raise equity capital as required in the long-term, but recognizes the risks attached thereto. Historically the capital requirements of the Company have been met by equity subscriptions. Although the Company has been successful in the past in obtaining financing, there can be no assurance that it will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or that the terms of such financing may be favourable.

CAPITAL RESOURCES AND COMMITMENTS

On 8 July 2016 the Company closed a private placement in the amount of \$776,275 with all securities having a holding period of 4 months.

On 7 March 2017, the Company signed a lease for its head office for a 36 month period, for a total contractual obligation of \$146,000.

On 31 March 2017, the Company closed a private placement in the amount of \$1,591,120 with all securities having a holding period of 4 months.

On 16 June 2017, the Company closed a private placement in the amount of \$545,160 with all securities having a holding period of 4 months.

On 5 July 2017, the Company converted agents' warrants to shares for gross proceeds of \$63,000.

On 2 November 2017, the Company converted options to shares for gross proceeds of \$5,750.

On 18 December 2017, the Company converted warrants to shares for gross proceeds of \$48,750.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company had no off-balance sheet arrangements as at 31 March 2018, and as at the date hereof.

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RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management personnel include the members of the Board of Directors and executive officers of the Company. Related party transactions and balances not disclosed elsewhere in the Financial Statements are as follows:

RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE

				Included in
		Remuneration	Share-based	Accounts
Name and Principal Position	Year ⁽ⁱ⁾	or fees ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	payments	Payable
CEO management food	2018 \$	\$ 210,000	\$ 23,000	4,000
CEO – management fees	2017 \$	\$ 163,000	\$ 97,000	1,000
COO salaries and wages	2018 \$	\$ 177,000	\$ -	3,000
COO – salaries and wages	2017 \$	\$ 129,000	\$ 99,000	-
Clearline CPA, a company of which the CFO is a	2018 \$	\$ 63,000	\$ -	-
director – management fees	2017 \$	\$ 60,000	\$ 4,000	5,000
A company of which the CFO is a director –	2018 \$	\$ 52,000	\$ -	15,000
bookkeeping services	2017 \$	\$ 39,000	\$ -	-
Director – director fees	2018 \$	\$ 10,000	\$ -	-
Director – director rees	2017 \$; -	\$ 40,000	-
A company of which the director is the associated	2018 \$	\$ 28,000	\$ -	-
counsel of legal counsel	2017 \$	\$ 54,000	\$ -	11,000
Director – director fees	2018 \$	\$ 10,000	\$ -	-
Director – director rees	2017 \$; -	\$ 31,000	-
Director director foos and advisory foos	2018 \$	\$ 21,000	\$ 19,000	-
Director – director fees and advisory fees	2017 \$; -	\$ 14,000	-

⁽i) For the year ended 31 March 2018 and 31 March 2017.

These expenses were incurred in the normal course of operations and have been measured on a cost recovery basis.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a) Financial instrument classification and measurement

Financial instruments of the Company carried on the statement of financial position are carried at amortized cost with the exception of cash and cash equivalents which are carried at fair value. There are no significant differences between the carrying value of financial instruments and their estimated fair values as at 31 March 2018 and 31 March 2017. There have been no changes in levels during the year.

The Company classifies the fair value of these transactions according to the following hierarchy:

- Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments.
- Level 2 quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets.
- Level 3 valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable.

⁽ii) Amounts disclosed were paid or accrued to the related party.

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MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

b) Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

The Company's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, amounts receivable, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. As at 31 March 2018, the carrying value of cash and term deposits is fair value. The remaining financial instruments approximate their fair value due to their short term nature.

c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices will affect the Company's earnings or the value of its financial instruments. Market risk is comprised of commodity price risk and interest rate risk. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control exposures within acceptable limits, while maximizing returns. The Company is not exposed to significant market risk.

d) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk by holding cash and cash equivalents, which are all held in financial institutions in Canada, and management believes the exposure to credit risk with respect to such institutions is not significant. The credit risk with respect to receivables is remote as they are due from the Government of Canada, which is considered a remote credit risk, and other commercial customers with whom the Company has a successful history of collections.

e) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk of losses that arise as a result of changes in contracted interest rates. The Company is not exposed to interest rate risk.

f) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. To manage this risk the Company maintains only the minimum amount of foreign cash required to fund its on-going expenditures. The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk, as it deals with customers and vendors in currencies other than its functional currency. A 5% shift in exchange would impact the financial statements by \$61,000. As at 31 March 2018 the Company held currency totalling the following:

				31 March		31 March
(rounded to the nearest '000)		Impact		2018		2017
United States dollars	5%	\$ 27,000	\$USD	412,000	\$USD	343,000
Amounts receivable in United States dollars	5%	\$ 36,000	\$USD	364,000	\$USD	-
Amounts payable in United States dollars	5%	\$ (2,000)	\$USD	(34,000)	\$USD	(80,000)

g) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises through the excess of financial obligations over available financial assets due at any point in time. The Company's objective in managing this is to maintain readily available reserves in order to meet its liquidity requirements at any point in time.

INVESTOR RELATIONS ACTIVITIES

With respect to public relations, the Company's policy is to provide information from its corporate offices to investors and brokers directly.

Canadian Funds

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MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT

The Company is dependent upon the personal efforts and commitments of its existing management. To the extent that management's services would be unavailable for any reason, a disruption to the operations of the Company could result, and other persons would be required to manage and operate the Company.

APPROVAL

The Board of Directors of the Company has approved the disclosure contained in this Management Discussion and Analysis.

A CAUTIONARY TALE

This document contains "forward-looking information" which may include, but is not limited to, statements with respect to the future financial or operating performance of the Corporation, its subsidiaries and its projects, the future supply, demand, inventory, production and price of products, the timing and amount of estimated future production, costs of production, requirements for additional capital, government regulation operations, limitations of insurance coverage and the timing and possible outcome of pending litigation and regulatory matters.

Often, but not always, forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as "plans", "expects", "is expected", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "forecasts", "intends", "anticipates", or "believes" or variations (including negative variations) of such words and phrases, or state that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might" or "will" be taken, occur or be achieved. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Corporation and/or its subsidiaries to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among others, general business, economic, competitive, political and social uncertainties; conclusions of economic evaluations; changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined; political instability, insurrection or war; delays in obtaining governmental approvals or financing or in the completion of development or construction activities. Although the Corporation has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual actions, events or results to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements, there may be other factors that cause actions, events or results to differ from those anticipated, estimated or intended. There can be no assurance that forwardlooking statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

Respectfully submitted,

On behalf of the Board of Directors,

"Michael Heaven"

Michael Heaven, Chairman & CEO